Positively the fast night of the PARY.
PRENCH OPERA COMPANY.
From the mew Opera-house, New Orleans. On THURSDAY EVENING, July 12, 1860, will be

On THURSDAY EVENING July and the party virid's Grand Osera, in there seek, sulled JEHUSALEM; On, In Louisann!
Gasting Mons. Thillippe; Hoger, Moha, Genibrel; Helone, Madame Philippe
The performance will dominence with "Offenham" Comic Derra, in one act, called LA MOSE DE ST. FLEUR.

Provente.

Harry or Austra; w. Dress Circle and Parquotte 75 cents; Second Tier and Family Circle, 50 cents Third Circle 25 cents.

Nurius.—No extra charge for reserved cents. Seat can be secored during the day by application at the 72 Office. Doors open at 7 % o'clock, and the Opera will comence at 5 o'clock, processly.

MADAME E. SIEMINSKI THE GREAT-

FLUTIST WILL GIVE A GRAND-VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

SMITH & NIXONS HALL THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 19.

NOTICE, THE NATIONAL THEATER
is now for rent for the Schmiler season, for Theetrical Performances, Italian, Cariaan or Burlesque
O.scrae, &c., &c., and may be ind on reasonable forms,
by the night or week. For macinians, spely to
National Theater Bulling,
my20.44 Sycamore-street.

HEW MUSIC GOOD NIGHT WEY MUSIC A DUET FOR SOPRANO AND TENOR

above.
BRITTING & BRO., Sols Agents,
Pinno Dealers and Makers.
No. 227 W. Fifth-street, near Ph

PICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP 85, per Little Miant Bailroad and Cinciunati lamilton and Dayton Bailroad, at 7:36 A. M., vi

Hamilton and Dayton Railroad and Cinctuna. Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, at 7,336 A. M., v Ceringfaid to White Sulphur Station.

Tickets for the Round Trip, \$6, per Little Mian tallroad, at 7,130 and 10 A. M., and 11 P. M., as per Cincincall, Hamilton and Dayton Bailroad, 7,136 A. M., via Columbus to Levis Center. For roome or other information, address.

ouring the practice there in connection with the New York of the Edward Life, one of seat someon them to the season of the Mexican plan found only in Southern Season of the Mexican plan found only in Southern Mexican plan the month in Southern Mexican plan to the primary or secondary form. Syphilis, is. in the prinary or secondary form. Syphilis, in the worst chies, permanently offset in a very short time. It is a state of the control of the cory short time. It is a state of the control of the control

TADAME ELLIS, FEMALE BOTAS.

UAL PHYSICIAN - Madame ELLIS SUTE.

HANG ELLISTENSOR fails of circulitations of disasses of the Uterus, the Kidneys, Ovaries, Bladder

und Urethra, Prolapsus fallings Uteries, Inflammaion and Useration of the Womb, no matter of how

ong standing, permanently cured by the use of the

"Corner of Fifth and Race-Streets."

N. B.—For sale at the principal office, 14 West
eighth-st., between issee and Ein; EDWa HD SCANLAN & Co., corner of Main and Fourth-ste.; F. D.
Hills, pearure of lace and Fifth-ste.; and drugcless generally throughout the city and country.
Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Medame ELLIS has returned from the South, and
can be found at her office, 444 West Sixth-st., as
all times.

PISCOVERED AT LAST. THE CHART.

Of LIFE, or the True Theory of Reproduction at Theory of Proventing II, absording to the leather those not was of Nature. Though the leather those not wishfully the resulting children, and those not wishfully the medicine to use their wishes exactly as medicine to use ferfocily healthy in all respects. Sont to any part of the Onited States on the III and Arabic Manage De Croix's Female Monthly Pills. These Pills are invaluable to use their control of the Control of

Tin-plate and Sheet-iron Worker AL RACE-STREET.

John Come with promptures and dispatch,

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MANUSACHUR PRE OF RAR, SHEE
And Solite Iron, Plow Slabs, Salirond Opids
etc. Also, agents for the sale of Ironico. Star Nat
Warercome, No. 12 East Second-street, Gincinna

Voterinary Surgeon, PROFESSOR IN THE VETERINARY

Lincinnati Dailn Press.

CINCINNATI, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1860.

Defalentien and Flight of a Glassow Stock Broker-His Singular Financial Opera-tions-He Robe Bankers, Jewelers and LITTLE MIAMI-[7 minutes fester than City time,] 7:30 A. M., 16 A. M. and 11 P. M. Columbus Accommodation, 6 P. M. Xonia Accommodation, 6 From the Glasgow (Scotland) Bulletin

late date we clip the following: Grecthars, Hamilton and Davron (7 minutes faster than City time.) 6 A. M., 7:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. and 6 P. M. Hamilton Accommodation, S. A. M. and 3:50 P. M.

From the Glasgow (Scotland) Bulletin of late date we clip the following:

For the last three days various rumors have been shoat in town regarding the flight of an accountant and member of the Stock Exchange, who has it is alleged, been guilty of the crimes of embezziement, forgery, and obtaining money and jewelry under false and fraudulent pretenses. As we believe the matter is already sufficiently notorious in commercial circles, there need no longer be any delicacy on the part of the press in alluding to the circumstances. The party to whom we refer is Mr. George C. Monteath, accountant and abare broker, who absconded toward the end of last week, and is believed to have sailed on Saturday, per the Europa, from Liverpool to America. He was twenty-six years of age, and held a commission as ensign in the 17th (atoekbroker and accountants) Company of Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteers, for which corps he was also treasurer, and in which espacity he is said to have embezzled the sum of about £200 belonging to the corps.

A curious transaction is reported to have taken place in connection with his treasurer-ship. The corps was supplied with belts and accountements by Messrs. McIntosh & Sons, Stockwell-street. The account, amounting to £128, remaised unpaid after it was due; and when the collector called upon Mr. Monteath, the answer was returned that he had no funds on hand belonging to the corps. After a similar reply had been given on several occasions, the collector threatened to go to the captain and solicit payment from him. "Well," answered the treasurer, "go to the captain, and he'll send you back to me. However, if you wish the money, I'll give you my acceptance for a month, and retire it at maturity." After some demur this was agreed to, and a receipt was granted, bearing, unfortunately, the words "by cash" instead of "by bill."

This receipt was handed, with other documents to the committee of the corps, who may positively refuse to retire the acceptance, when it will require to be taken up by Mr. Mintosh, who

him faction on the estate, and asked the writer to make him out a formal deed empowering him to act as factor. The will was shown to the lawyer at his request, and he prepared the necessary document, which was taken away by Mr. Monteath and returned duly signed and attested.

The writer was then instructed to proceed to London to see parties connected with the property, and effect certain arrangements with them. To the metropolishe accordingly repaired, but returned, unable to find the parties to whom he had been sent. Further information having been communicated to him regarding their whereabouts, he again proceeded on a "wild goose chase" to London, but was equally unsuccessful in discovering the individuals with whom he was to negotiate. He came back the second time to Glasgow with his purse considerably lighter than before he left it. During his absence Mr. Monteath called on the manager of one of the banks in town and told him the same story about the property and the will, adding that he required the sum of £500, ready cash, to enable him to make preliminary arrangements before any thing was realized from the estate.

The will 'and deed were shown to the

ments before any thing was realised from the cestate.

The will 'and deed were shown to the banker, who agreed to advance the necessary aum upon receiving from the broker a promissory note for the amount. This was granted at once, and the money placed at Mr. Monteath's credit. Only a few days elapsed before the whole sum was drawn, and an additional amount of £445. The banker then sent for Mr. Monteath, and said, that in consequence of the layer amount drawn he

promptly produced, purporting to be the account required, and books and vouchers were also exhibited. The banker expressed himself satisfied, but requested Mr. Monteath to reduce the balance as quick as possible, which he promised would be done in the course of a few days. It has been discovered since his flight, however, that the will and the signatures at the deed were forgeries, representing persons who had no existence, but were as mythical as those whom the writer referred to was sent to London in search of.

The defaulter is reported to have called upon a jeweler in Buchanan-street, and requested to see a pair of diamond earrings, which he intended to present to a lady. A pair were shown, which he declared were not fine enough, and accordingly a much more expensive description were produced. On pretense of giving the lady her choice, he managed to get both sets into his possession, and never returned or paid for either. Various other stories have been circulated in town regarding the proceedings of the fugitive. We have heard of certain funds belonging to a building society, and also to a religious society, which have disappeared, and also to an unfortunate woman, whom he had in keeping, and whom he has swindled.

DISTINGUISHED "LADY" THIEVES IN LONDON.—A lady of position has just been committed for trial lu London for stealing some trifle, an embroidered D'Oyley, from the stall of Lady Emily Peel, at a funcy fair. The defense was that, in the fashionable crush, the D'Oyley got entangled in the lady's dress. Unquestionably, says a London letter, the shoplifting mania is a wide-spread malady. West End shopkeers actually take it into their calculation of yearly profit and loss. There are "ladies" who are chartered offenders in this respect. They are known and watched, and the bill for the missing articles is respectfully sent in and regularly paid. The shopkeepers patronized by them would not like to lose their custom. They treat it as an affair of regular purchase and credit.

ARREST OF AN EXTENSIVE DEFAULTER. America and Expensive Defaulter.— Frederick Hoffman, the abeconding secretary of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, was arrested on Friday, near Trenton Falls, Oncida County, N. Y., by detective Hugh Masterson, and was conveyed to Utica, from whence he will probably be taken to New York. Hoffman is arrested on the charge of forging two checks of \$1,500 each. He is also concerned in an over-issue of stock of lorging two checks of \$1,500 each. He is also concerned in an over-issue of stock of the Pacific Mail Staamship Company to the amount certainly of \$150,000, and perhaps much more. Officers have been in pursuit of Hoffman since May 21. The prisoner is now in custody. He denies that he is the man sought, although he has been identified by parties in Utica.

STREAT FIGHT IN THE SOUTH.—R. C. Brown and Warren Andrews had a street encounter, in Charleston, S. C., Taceday, in which the former was wounded in the knee and the latter in the arm. A free colored boy, passing at the time, received a pistol hall through the heart and died instantly.

A JUST BUT USUALLANT OPINION - Th difference between the two sexes may be stated thus A man gives two shillings for an eighteen-penny thing he wants, and a woman gives eighteen pence for a two-shilling thing the does not went.

daily into the town in large numbers, and the widows and the orphans may be seen in great crowds, weeping and wailing about the

ing. Men, women and children are over-taken while fleeing for refuge and without arms, and ruthlessly slaughtered while pray-

arms, and ruthlessly slaugulered while praying for quarter.

The Christians have thus far suffered most terribly. Their villages have been burnt, their crops destroyed, and great numbers have been brutally murdered, while the Druses, who are better warriors and far more courageous, are assisted by the Turks, Moslem and Metawalies, and up to this time

lem and Metawalies, and up to this time have proved successful.

The bloody war which is waged on both sides as a war of extermination, has its origin in religious and political causes. The Christisms and Druses hate each other with a deadly hatred, on account of the difference in their religious faith—and the Christian hate the Druses with a special hatred, because the Druses are in a great many of the mountain Christian districts, feudal chiefs and rulers over the Christian or Maronite and Greek Catholic villages. The more immediate causes of the war may be traced to the Greek Catholic villages. The more immediate causes of the war may be traced to the bloody fends existing between Druss and Christian tribes. Last summer, at Bait Marri, a quarrel arose, which threatened to precipitate a war, in which the Maronite Christians were victorious, having repulsed the Druses, killing forty or more, while their own loss was less than one-third of that number.

number.

Although peace was then declared, the Druses have since assassinated every Christian who came in their way, with an evident determination to make the number of the Maronite loss equal to that of the Druses. This aroused the Christians, and so exasperated them that they made an attack upon several Druse villages.

ated them that they made an attack upon several Druse villages.

At first they were successful, but relying upon their numbers, they neglected to appoint leaders or to form any plan for the campaign; consequently, the Druses railied under their warrior chiefs, and burnt overy Maronite or Greek Christian village within their reach. The provincial authorities pronounced the invading party—the Christians—to be rebels, and the Governor-General proceeded with all available force to the mountains, and brought his cannon to bear upon the Christians, checking them at every turn, while the Druses, aided by the soldiery, carried on their work of pillage and murder in a manner shameful even to a North American Indian.

Indian.

Denounced as traitors and rebels, their homes having been burnt, their crops destroyed, and in some cases their families butchered, the Christians are railying for the forlorn hope; for they feel that the Druses, thus aided, will endeavor to exterminate them. This, however, will not be an easy matter, as the Maronite Greeks and Greek Catholies number about two hundred and fifty thousand, and if, as they hope and daily expect, the European powers will come to their aid, they may not only be saved, but greatly improve their condition, by being placed under the rule of a European prince who may be placed over the Government of Syria.

RECIPE FOR BLACKBERRY WINE .-- As this is the blackberry season we publish this recipe for the manufacture of the wine:

for the manufacture of the wine:

There is no wine equal to the blackberry wine, when properly made, either in flavor or for medical purposes, and all persons who can conveniently do so should manufacture enough for their own use every year, as it is invaluable in sickness as a tonic, and nothing is a better remedy for bowel diseases. We therefore give the receipt for making it, and having tried it ourselves, we speak advisedly on the subject. Measure your berries and bruise them; to every gallon adding on a quart of boiling water. Let the mixture stand twenty-four hours, stirring occasionally; then strain off the liquid into a cask; to every gallon adding two pounds of sugar; cork tight and let it stand till following October, and you will have wine ready for use, withand you will have wine ready for use, with-out further straining or bolling, that will make lips smack that never smacked under similar influences before. It may be im-proved, and perhaps will keep better, by add-ing a small quantity of pure French brandy.

EXTRAORDINARY SCENE IN A CHURCH-A EXTRAORDINARY SCENE IN A CHURCH—A CLERGYMAN KNOCKED DOWN IN THE PULPIT. On Saturday a man named Redfield went to the house of Rev. A. D. Field, at Ogic, Ili., and said: "Mr. F., I am burdened for your soul," and finally wished Mr. F. to allow him to preach on Sunday. This was declined; the man having no authority, nor even any confidence among the people for such a place. On Sunday this man went to the church early. Mr. Field preached at the usual time. Having closed his sermon he commenced to Having closed his sermon he commenced to read a hymn. Redfield took a stand before the pulpit and said: "If you want to see sal-vation flow, look to the center of the house." He made some strange remarks. The congregation commenced to sing. R. stepped quietly toward the preacher, and with one blow, which is said to have sounded like a pistol, laid the minister flat on the floor, causing an immense excitement. The man Redfield is undoubtedly deranged.

A Yankee's Prayer Before Battle.—A Yankee, from Maine, being at Buena Vista the night before the battle, and somewhat doubtful of the result, went out of hearing, as he supposed, and made the following

"Oh, Lord, here we are, about four thou-"Oh, Lord, here we are, about four thousand of us, and twenty thousand Mexicans—
enough to swallow us without gressing.
New, if you can help us, do it—and if you
can't, for Heaven's sake dou't help the Mexicans—and just hold on until to-morrow, and
you will see the gaul-darndest fight you ever
saw in your life. Yours, respectfully, amen."

RESEAR ETIQUETTS CONCERNING A RETTRED OPERAL-SINGER.—It is stated in the English papers that a difficulty has been raised at St. Petersburg about the reception of Lady Crampton, wife of the British Embassador at that Court. The objection is that before her marriage she was simply Miss Victoria Balfe, an opera-singer. The Russians are sghast at the idea of a singer having precedence of the whole foreign corps diplomatique, together with the entree to the palace.

CULTURE OF THE GRAPH IN AUSTRALIA. The Australians are entering largely into the cultivation of the grape-vine. More than a million of these trees have been lately planted in Victoria, and last year 3,000 galions of wine were made there, and 32,000 cwt. of grapes sold.

where does be take it to

least, not to their full extent. Gradually the village swells into a large town, and the town into a city, there is neither a prophetic vision nor the despotic power which can both anticipate the wants of the coming population and provide for them. Every thing is left to the operation of the selfish instincts of capitalists and haddords on the one hand, and

itieipate the wants of the coming population and provide for them. Every thing is left to the operation of the selfish instincts of capitalists and landlords on the one hand, and laborers and rent-payers on the other. One wants to let as dear, and the other to hire as cheap as possible. The end is, that in every great city in Christendom the poor are huddled together in habitations more or less unfavorable to health; in which the requisitions alike of decency and good health are violated; where the sir is converted into poison by reason of bad drainage, defective ventilation, and over-crowded rooms; and which are really perennial sources of disease and death. When the evil has assumed a formidable character, and the health of the whole community becomes endangered by the sickliness of a part, Government interferes, or the benevolence of individuals interposes; remedies begin to be applied, and tardy and imperfect curative processes are put in requisition, to correct mischiefs which might have been anticipated and prevented if mon were prophets. It is easy to see that, had we known the end from the beginning, all our great cities might have been better laid out; that is, the same amount of population might be accommodated under conditions more favorable to health and longevity.

One great cause of the mortality in the city of New York is to be found in the defective dwellings in which the poor for the most art reside. The report before us speaks in strong terms upon this point. Such tenements regenerally contracted, dark, ill-ventilated dons, in narrow alleys, fithy courts, and damp cellars, amid the deleterious exhalations of cesspools, and putrid farmentations of refuse matter, in which it is impossible to preserve life, health or common decency. The defects of these habitations are also greatly aggravated by over-crowding.

The density of the population in the city of New York compares unfavorably with most other large cities. According to the census of 1855, the population of the city numbered 629,830, and t

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY-GAS MADE PROM STONES.—The Chicago (Ill.) Democrat chronicles an important discovery which has re-cently been made in that vicinity. It says a large quantity of "prairie stone," near the western suburbs of that city, has been found to yield immense quantities of gas and salt-peter. The particulars of the discovery, which was brought about while searching for ndications of oil, are as follows:

A small bit of this stone, a piece perhaps four inches square, was taken by Mr. Wm. Cumberland, a well-known chemist of this city, a day or two since, for the purpose of endeavering to extract oil from it. The experiment, so far as the end in view was conperment, so far as the end in view was con-cerned, was a failure—but in the progress of it other discoveries were made of startling importance and great interest. The stone has been broken up and placed in a retort, which was then subjected to the action of the heat. A vapor was seen to issue from the neck of the retort, and on a match being ap-olied it ignited and burnt brilliantly for plied it ignited and burnt brilliantly for half an hour. It gave a light fully equal to the same volume of coal-gas, and emitted no odor of any kind. The burnt stone was then analyzed, and found to contain fifty per cent. of saitpeter, which being removed, the residue was excellent lime!

THE PROFES PLACE AND MANNER TO STUDY THEOLOGY.—Let a man learn his theology in the study, says Honry Ward Beecher, let him shape his views of truth according to the schools, and he will be apt to substitute mere philosophical ideas or conceptions for the truth. But let a man learn his theology from men, and let his business be not so much to authenticate certain systematic views as to look at men individually and in classes; let him like a physician examine their nature, and see what they are, how they can be made and see what they are, how they can be made better; let him see where they are too strong, and where they are too weak, and how their strength can be rightly distributed; let him make sermons from men, and preach them to men again, with his eye upon the living, palpitating human heart, feeling first what they want, and then attempting to supply their deficiency—let a man do this, and in the proportion in which he does it, he will have to recognize the difference between one man and another. True preaching can not be a thing of absolute unities: like medicine, it is a thing to be divided and subdivided, according to the symptoms, the wants, the constitutional pseuliarities, the temperament, the education of those to whom it is administered.

edies, the sesquichloride of iron, which com-pletely impregnates the fungus, exercises its action on the surface only, and may be ab-sorbed without danger. This medicine de-stroys the parasitic growth, and also modifies favorably the hemorrhagic condition con-dition constantly observable in the affected parts and their neighborhood; it further in-duces expectoration, and thus promotes the rejection of the false membranes.

Birth and Death of a Hippopotaurus in Paria-His Brief Existence of Fifteen Days.

PRICE ONE CENT.

Paris.—His Brief Existence of Fiftees Days.

Another hippopotamus was born in the Jardin des Plentes, in Paris, on the 18th of May. He was received at noon on the brink of the basin of the rotunda, in the arms of his keeper, and immediately taken away. The maternal hippopotamus had no time to see her offspring, and yet she indulged in a long fit of anger. Without the aid of an enormous whip with which the keeper was furnished, he could hardly, have secured his retreat; but by its aid he succeeded in getting out of the basin and shutting the grate behind him.

MM. Isidore Geoffroy-Saint-Hilaire and Florest Prevost were immediately called in, and they found that the new comer was a very well-formed male. He was placed in a basin exposed to the sun, and he immediately took to swimming and splashing about as though he had taken lessons from his father and mother.

though he had taken lessons from his lather and mother.

He was fed on warm cow's milk, which he drank with avidity; in four days he consumed nearly three gallons of it. He slept a good part of each day on a bed of straw covered with a flannel blanket; the rest of the time he amused himself in a basis of warm water.

water.

His keeper, who did not leave him for a moment, could not make the least movement but his nursling would open his eyes enough to assure himself that his adopted father was not going to leave him. At night he slept with his head on his keeper's breast, and slept will not it day, because the state of the slept with his head on his keeper's breast, and slept will not day, because the slept will not be seen the slept will not be slept with the slept will not be slept will not b

with his head on his keeper's breast, and slept well until day-break.

When he wanted to drink he roared like a calf, which indeed he somewhat resembled in form. He measured about four feet in length and weighed one hundred and thirty pounds at birth. His skin, soft, moist, and mellow to the touch, had nothing of that rose-tint which characterized the two other hippopotamuses born in the measured in 1858 and 1859. It was blackish in some places, and in others of a grayish white. There was also a very queer orange-tint about his lips.

On the 2d instant it was noticed that his mouth was bloody, and on examination it was found that several teeth were coming through. While they were wondering at this precocity, the poor animal was taken with convulsions and died a few minutes.

The Mortality of Various Trades and Pro

The Edinburg Review, of a recent date, contains an article on the mortality in trades and professions. The Sheffield grinders occupy a conspicuous place among the artisans whose health is destroyed by the employments that yield them the means of subsistence. The most deadly occupations nursued in whose health is destroyed by the employments that yield them the means of subsistence; the most deadly occupations pursued in Sheffield are fork-grinding and stone-racing. The mortality is very large among those who labor in the coal mines, and larger still in the metaliferous mines. Consumption makes fearful ravages among the tin, copper and lead mines of Cornwall and Derbyshire. The smooth substance—at the end of the lucifer match is the cause of intense suffering and slow death. This composition is composed of phosphorus combined with oxymariate of potash and glue, made into a paste, and kept liquid by being placed over a heated metal plate. The subtle vapor given off is charged with a poison that destroys the bones of the jaw by a succession of cancerous sores, reduces the operator to a skeleton, unhinges his nervous system, and produces ghastly paleness. Brass-melters suffer from attacks of intermittent fever, paralysis smites the plumbers, filers of brass and copper-smitts are subject to a most peculiar affection, their hair turning a livid green. The mortality by consumption is greatly increased by tailors, bakers and milliners, also by compositors.

DEATH OF AN IMMENSE AFRICAN GLUTTON.
On Wednesday morning, a colored man named Thos. Thomas, well-known in Baltimore as Eating Tom, died in that city. He had partaken the previous evening of a large quantity of oucumbers, and, on rising on Wednesday morning, drank immederately of wednesdry horating, trank immoderately of ice-water. In consequence he was seized with violent pains from colic, and expired in two hours. He was in the eighty-eighth year of his age, having been born in 1772, four years before the Declaration of Independence. years before the Declaration of Independence. In his early life he was engaged as a stevedore, continuing that occupation until his advanced age compelled him to quit it. He has been known to cat a moderate sized ham, with vegetables, &c., in proportion, at one meal. Six large loaves of bread, with more than a quart of coffee or tes, would scarcely suffice for his breakfast or supper. A good sized goose or turkey would disappear from sight in a short space of time. His daughter would prepare a plum pudding at stated periods and cook it in a bushel bag. This would serve him and two others as a dessert. A number of instances wherein his voracious appetite has been tested have occurred.

A GUN DISCHARGED AND A SAILOR KILLED BY A WOMAN'S CRINGEINE.—One of the most terrible accidents that has ever happened, through the agency of crinoline, occurred lately in one of the English ports on board of the Royal Aibert, a vessel of the British Navy. One afternoon, while the decks were throughed with visitors, the dress of a lady, in passing one of the signal guns, caught the percussion hammer and brought it over upon the fuse. The gun, which was loaded with blank cartridge, went off, and one of the crew, who unfortunately was either standing in front of the gun or had been working about it, had his arm blown off close to the shoulder. The sad event caused much consternation as well as regret among the visitors, and the lady who had unwittingly been its cause fainted. A GUN DISCHARGED AND A SAILOR KILLED ts cause fainted. This is not the first instance, by any means

in which a woman's erinoline has caused death, though in the present case the effect is more violent than usual.

Honors Offerent to a Suffored Primer.

Fighter.—A resident of Philadelphia, who bears a close resemblance to John C. Heenan, arrived in that city after a brief absence. As he wended his way up Chesnut-street, carpetbag in band, he soon found that he was an object of interest, but could not divine the reason until the cry of "There's Heenan" fell upon his ear. By the time he got to Third-street, the crowd about him, composed chiefly of newsboys, had increased to such a degree that he could scarcely get along, and he was finally compelled to take refuge in a passenger railroad car to escape the annoyance of being pointed out as a prize-fighter. As the car moved off, one of the boys proposed three cheers for John C. Heenan, which were fouldly given. were foully given, and ed bemose

CIVIL WAR IN ARKANBAS.-A Memph Civil. WAR IS ARKANSAS.—A Memphis (Tenn.) paper says in a late issue "The Cherockees, we learn, are in arms.. It is said Evan Jones, the Abolitionist, and his son, have enlisted 2,500 full-bloods for a raid. The Government has let matters go on from bad to worse until, as we predicted civil war is now inevitable. We hear that a requisition will be made upon the State of Arkansas to aid in quelling the insurrection."

TEXAS AS A SHEEP-RAISING STATE. hundred sheep passed through Jonesville, Michigan, recently, on their way to Texas, and another flock of one thousand five hundred is being raised in the same locality. Texas is bound to be the great sheep State of the Union.

A Call with Claws—A farmer in New-port, Herkimer County, recently killed a cow from which he took a cast which was perfect in every respent except that igatead of book, its legs terminated in claws similar to those of a cat.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

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No. 2 SEWING MACHINE.....

IT IS WELL UNDERSTOOD BY MANU-A GREATER VARIETY OF WORK,

WILL DO MORE WORK, AND . WILL DO IT IN BETTER STYLE Than can be done on any other Machine. BING-ER'S FAMILY MACHINES, \$55 and \$75. mano-ay JAS. SKARDON, Agent.

KELSEY'S

Improved Double-threaded FAMILY SEWING MACHINES No. 72 West Fourth-street.

THOSE IN WANT OF A GOOD SEW JOUVET & CO., Agents, No. 72 West Fourth, up stairs.

\$30. \$30. \$30. \$30. \$30 MOORE'S

Thirty-Dollar Double Lock-Stitch

Family Sewing Machines SECURED BY RECENT LETTERS PATENT THIS MACHINE HAS BREN PRONOUNCED by all competent indees, who have
seen it, to be the best and most destrable Family
Sewing Machine ever introduced, smeantas or
FRICE. It will sew all kinds of family goods, from
the very thickest to the very finest fabrics made, and
ness all kinds of thread, from No. 8 to 200.
No offissued on since of the Machine.
Send for a circular, or call and see it in operation.
Upon early application, State and County rights may
be secured.
An energetic person can make a fortune to a short
time. Agents wanted in all upseld Territory.
Sole and exclusive agent for the United States,
sepit-if 22 West Fourth-street. Cincinnati.

RED CEDAR

TUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER.

Wenden.
75,000 first Tunnessee Red Gedar, and for sale at vary low prices.
600 first Fence Posts.
600 feet Fencing Roards.
600 feet Fencing Roards.
600 feet Fencing Roards.
600 feet Fencing Roards.
600,000 ft. soa'd 15 and 2 in. ist com. Fine Lumber.
100,000 ft. sea'd 1. is., 2 and 3 in. ckar do. do.;
500,000 ft. sea'd 1. is., 2 and 3 in. ckar do. do.;
600,000 ft. sea'd 1. play for camen do. do.;
600,000 ft. sea'd 1. play for and Hemlock Joists and
800,000 ft. seasond, and third common do. do.;
81 well seasond, and will be sold low for cash, or on short time, to make room for new stock, by

Thos. W. Farrin & Co. Wholesale and Retail Lumber Dealers and next to C., H. and D. E. R. Deput. jeb

M. H. COOK & CO., PROPRIETORS OF GREAT WESTERN PLANING MILL WHITEWATER CANAL.
BETWEEN PIFTH AND SIXTH-STREETS, CU-CINNATI, OHIO

IN CONSEQUENCE OF HAVING ENTITLELY abandoned building in the city, and turned our attention to preparing building materials of every description, we can early say that our as perisnoe in the business and our includes enable us to one inducements to builders in the city and at a distance unsurpassed, if equaled, by any other similar vertables ment in the venues of all descriptions and keep on hand an assortment of Mahogany, there wood, Wahmt and Oak Veneers. Also, Pine Backin for Pictures and Looking glasses.

P. S.—We have just received forty thousand fast Bed Cedar, of flue quality, which we can sell at less prise than it has ever been sold for in this market.

mash-if

REMOVED ADAMS, PECKOVER & CO.

ALLIGATOR COAL COOKING STOVE From No. 333 Fourth, to their new ster. S. W. CORNER OF FIFTH AND BLM.

FOUNDERY

Corner of Front and Central-av., or at our SALES-ROOMS. The Gladiator

GAS-BURNING, SMOKE-CONSUMING COAL COOKING STOVE

FOUR SIZES.

MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY CAMPBELL, ELLISON & CO.,

Nos, 19 & 21 East Second-ot. jati-tf CINCINNATI, OUD

A TRO, No. 4 West Third, street, Olanderst, Olan.

BRISTO! CUT CARDS. A PINE ARTI-CLE on Frinding purposes, from No. 1 to No. 2 inclusive. Just previous and for each by WOODS. 1220N, CHAPTISID'S WOODS.

MUSICAL.

COLD MEDAL PLANOS—THE BEST IN AREAICA.—Steek & Grupe's (of Sew York) powerful tobed double irond-action Congress? Biances, pre-tounced by Leista Thalburg and other great artifate the bost in existence.

We will sell know for each then any other dealer in the city and the city of the congress of the co

ONIO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS

Delaware County, Ohio, OPEN TO VISITORS SEEKING HEALTH OR PLEASUR FROM JUNE TO OCTOBER.

Don't Read This! THE MOST WONDER FULL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE OF CALVIN, former Lordon and Baltimore Hospitals, where do he many years' practical in the treatment of vical diseases, but more recently of McKick, when the diseases are to be found in their rankes to prove the disease are to be found in their rankes to prove the disease of the diseases.

ong standing, sermanently cared by the use a terklisir.

Madame refers with pleasure to the following sard
of one of the best druggists in the city:

"To the Public and the Ladies in Particular:

"We, the undersigned, are not in the habit of giving our name to Patent Medicines; but knowing well
the Lady Physician, and the medicine called the
Otherine Elixir, we cheerfully recommend it to all females suffering from Female Diseases of any kind; it
is purely vegetable, and in no case can do hiner; we
say to all try, and our word for it, you will find relief.

"Corner of Fifth and Race-streets."

MO"All kinds from made to order G. W. BOWLER,

THE PARTY OF THE P

REMOVED. A. C. PARRY,

A GENT FOR STEWART'S AIR-TIGHT Sumper and Willer Conking above. Also agent Curter's PHOTON By drant, Show it may be seen

A. WILSON, JR., White Salphus Postoffice, Delaware County, Ohi

No. 203 Vine-street

and 9:50 P. M. Concernary, Hamilton and Dayton—7:45 A. M., 10:40 A. M., 1 P. M., 3:30 P. M., 7:35 P. M. and 4 P. M. and 12 P. M. MADIETTA AND CINCINNATI-10:32 A. M. and Scill P. M. COVINGTON AND LEXINGTOR-10:35 A. M. and 4:58 P. M.

TRAINS ARBIVE.

M., 2:30 P. M., 6 P. M.

VOL. III, NO. 136.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

TRAINS DEPART.

Onto Arto Minsusperi—(13 minotes shower than Ofte time,) 4:25 A. M. and 5:35 F. M. Louisville Accommodation, 9 P. M. INDIANATOALS AND CINCUMANT SHORT-LINE—[13 Influence allower than Oliv time,) 5:46 A. M., 11:56

City time, | 6:15 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. COVENOTOR AND LEXINGTON—[City time,] 5:45 A. COVERGROW AND M. M. and DEPTAMAPOLIS—6 A.

Little Milant-3:50 A. M., S A. M., 11:04 A. M. Sun 4:40 P. M. Onio and Mississipet-7:30 A. M., 19:28 P. M.

CINCINNATE, BICHMOND AND INDIANAPOLIS-7:45 A. M., J. P. M., 3:30 P. M. East Mail.—Arrives 3:50 A. M. and 4:40 P. M.; lose at 2 A. M. and 8 P. M. POSTOFFICE BULLETIN. BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON AND WHEELING,-Ar

Br. Louis And Louisville, Arrives at 11 A. M. and 18 P. M.; closes at 1 A. M. and 4 P. M. CRICAGO AND NORTH-WEST. Arrives at 11 A. M. and 10 P. M.; closes at 1 A. M. and 4 P. M. VARIETIES.

One newspaper at Corinth, Miss., has oisted the Douglas flag. Four oxen in Verona, Wis., were killed by ightning on Sunday. The Quakers of New York have raised

There were forty-two deaths in Charleston

Why are the Japanese Embassadors avari cious? Because they're two-sorded. Once in a minute, twice in a moment, once in a man's life? The letter M. If a young lady has a pain in her side, cashe relieve it by wearing a cash?

Michelet, the French author, asserts that "Every folly of woman is born of the stupidity of man."

A rattle-snake was killed in Pownall, Va. last Wednesday, which measured six feet in length, and had seventeen rattles. Did the horseman who "scoured the plain" use soap? Yes, for his horse was covered with lather.

An Irish paper, describing a late duel, says that one of the combatants was shot through the fleshy part of the thigh bone. An enthusiastic girl says that the first time she ever locked arms with a young man she felt like "Hope leaning on her anchor." "There, John, that's twice you've come home and forgotten that lard." "La, mother, it was so greasy that it slipped my mind."

Abraham Lincoln's youngest child, a bright boy of six years of age, is lying at the point of death with the scarlet fever. Dr. Stephen B. Doty has recovered six cents damages from the New York Sun for defama-tion of character. A fire at New Albany, Ind., a day or two ago, destroyed the Baptist Church and sev-

About one thousand five hundred persons visited the *Great Eastern*, Tuesday, at \$1 per head. Seventy men, ship-carpenters, bolt-driver, and caulkers, were discharged from the Norfolk, (Va.) Navy-yard one day last week.

Ely M. Boggs, an American, convicted in Hong-Kong, China, of piracy, and sentenced to imprisonment for life, has been pardoned after two years' confinement. Hon. H. V. Johnson, of Georgia, candidate for the Vice-Presidency, was hung in effigy recently at Macon, Ga., where he had spoken a day or two before.

A gentleman aged seventy-one, having in company his fifth wife, being the father of twenty-one children, passed through Utica, N. Y., a few days since for up North. Archbishop Hughes is again in trouble with the New York press, who are attacking him for preaching a political sermon in defense of

 The Fox Lake (Wisconsin) Gazette says the amount of wheat shipped from that sta-tion since September last, is over 250,000 hushels. Timothy Fisher, while intoxicated, stag-gered against John Lary in St. Louis, or Friday, and during an altercation, stabbed him to the heart.

The California correspondent of the New York Herald writes from Carson Valley, that "the Indians fired upon two men with a freight train, wounding one mortally."

Thomas Lemen fell into a well fifty feet deep in Orange County, N. Y., on Friday without breaking a single limb, or seriously injuring himself in any way. Juan de Aguitar was recently robbed in New York of \$1,700 in Spanish doubloons by a dishonest servant, Henry Geraso, an

nement for crime. At the Alumni dinner of the University of Virginia, on the 4th instant, \$4,000 was bledged to make the dining institution a per-The rhymer who wrose the line, "Dear to me is the turl-tossed beach," probably had in his mind the recollection of his bill at some rest-side hotel.

The Grand Jury of Johnson County, Iowa, have presented the jail of the county as unfit for the abode of even those doomed to con-

Henry Weitz, steward of the small-pox hospital i.. St. Louis, has been discharged for robbing the dead body of a little child of the shroud its mother had provided. The Rome (Ga.) Courier states that Mona. Wells proposed, on the Fourth of July, to jump from the top of the cliff at Naheullola Falls to the water beneath, a distance of nearly one hundred feet.

Snooks observed to Jones that an officer in the army had left his house without paying his rent. "Oh," exclaimed Jones, "you mean the laft-tenant." Horne Tooke being asked by George III whether he played at cards, replied: "No your Majesty; the fact is, I can not tell a king from a knave."

Thomas Hood once admonished a gossup-ing Christian to beware lest her piety should prove, after all; to be nothing hester than Mag-piety.

Terrible Civil War in Syria-Sixty Villages
in Ashes-Wholesale Butchery of Men,
Wemen and Children.
Accounts of the troubles in Syria have
already reached, us, but the Beirut correspondent of the Boston Traveller gives these orrible particulars of the civil war there, in his letter of the 6th ult.:

his letter of the 6th ult.:

Syria is now the scene of one of the most sanguinary conflicts ever enacted in this land, which has ever been the battle-field of the old world, and Mount Lebanon is now one vast funcral pile.

Drusce and Christiaus, numbering hundreds of thousands, are now engaged in wholesale murder, arson and pillage, in which fendish work they are aided by Turks, Moslem, Arabs and the people known as the Metawalies.

From my window, last week, I counted from twenty to thirty burning villages upon the mountain, a few miles from Beirut, from whence the flash of musketry may easily be seen, and the volleys heard one after another in rapid succession, as they scho through the valleys. The dying and the dead are brought daily into the town in large numbers, and

The barbarity of this war is truly shock-

onsequence of the large amount drawn he would require to see an account of his intro-nissions with the estate. A document was promptly produced, purporting to be the ac-count required, and books and vouchers were also exhibited. The banker expressed him-

DISTINGUISHED "LADY" THIEVES IN LON-

A Nugne Pomonas To as Hung.—Frances, the negress who poisoned the family of Hiram Berry some time since, near Frankfort, Ky-none of whom died, however, has been found guilty, and sentenced to be hung on the 7th of September.

Bronders & Co.

UAUSE AND TREATMENT OF CROUP.—The Dublin Hospital Gazette states that Dr. Jodin, in a communication to the Academy of Sciences, on the nature of croup and on the treatment of the same, says that his researches have led him to the following conclusions: First, that croup and pseudo-membranous angina are merely parssitical diseases, due to the formation of fungi; second, that the treatment of these affections requires neither general medication nor incendiary cauterizations, and that they may be cured by simple parasiticidal applications. After cumerating the various therapeutical means resorted to in this and analogous diseases, Mr. Jodin declares that he much prefers to these uncertain, alarming, or dangerous remedies, the sesquicalloride of iron, which completely impregnates the fungus, exercises its

THE FALLS OF ST. ANTHONY DISAPPRARING STEADLY.—It is stated that the Falls of St. Authony, on the Upper Mississippi, are rapidly undergoing a change; that at the middle of the river they receded nearly or quite two hundred and fifty feet during the spring of 1859, and, this spring, it is stated they have gone back nearly one hundred and fifty feet further. The St. Anthony Express thinks that in a few years they will be destroyed entirely, leaving nothing but a long reach of rolling, tuesbling rapids behind.

Funs Ant Galleny in Esoland.—Mr. Fair-bairn's gigantic plan of a Free Art Gallery and Museum for Manchester is in a fair way to be realized. Fifteen gentlemen have sub-scribed £1,000 each, twenty others £500 each, and fifty more £25.to £250 sach. Truly there are "merchant princes" in Manchester.